

OCTOBER 2020

DISSEMINATED BY MERCURY PUBLIC AFFAIRS, LLC, A REGISTERED FOREIGN AGENT, ON BEHALF OF TURKEY-U.S. BUSINESS COUNCIL (TAIK). MORE INFORMATION IS ON FILE WITH THE DEPT. OF JUSTICE, WASHINGTON, DC

The project conducted last year ...

- Aimed to boost bilateral trade between Turkey and US to reach \$ 100 B target
- Identified high potential industries and suggested key recommendations to benefit this potential
- Shared key transversal levers to enhance economic relations between Turkey and US

... is revisited under the context of COVID-19 and newly emerging opportunities

Global trade dynamics changing



Supply chain shifts



Amplified US-China conflict





Major changes in global trade flows

Newly emerging opportunities



Substituting China



New industries and capabilities



FDI perspective



Collaboration in Africa



We have investigated significantly to assess how Turkey-US economic relations can be further improved with the latest global trends

Progress across multiple dimensions



- Detailed analysis of global trade flows
- Analysis of 1000+ (sub)industry data for goods & services with focus on 2018-2019
- 50+ countries assessed
- Review of global reports, trends and success stories



- Diagnosis of flows in goods and services from China
- Sectoral selection based on shift from China and Turkey's capability to replace China



- TAIK Board Members (to continue in the 2nd round)
- Other relevant business organizations and NGOs
- Government institutions
- Turkish firms exporting to the US market and active in Africa
- BCG global expert panel



We have interviewed with key stakeholders for deepdive topics

Selected examples

Bold moves for Turkey



NETAS





















Insider



Africa

















Executive summary (I / III)

Covid-19 has a strong effect on global economic relations via supply-chains, global trade and investments



- Multi-national companies that have cost focused supply-chain systems have started to consider reducing the risk profile of their supply-chain systems more diversification, regionalization or reshoring
- Existing trade conflicts have been escalated to a new level with increasing trends in favor of national protectionism
- Trade and investments will be negatively affected in the short-term; but new opportunities will exist for countries and companies



Major shifts will occur in trade corridors, emerging as a significant opportunity for other countries to increase their exports and to attract FDI

- The export volume from China will shift away to other regions; the largest impact being between US and China trade corridor
- We expect \$130-200 B decline in US-China trade corridor in 2023 compared to 2019 levels
- This will provide significant trade and investment opportunity for countries like Turkey, Vietnam, Mexico, Taiwan and Poland



Executive summary (II / III)



Turkey's conventional industries will remain to be important ...

- Turkey has conventionally strong industries (e.g. automotive parts, textile, white goods, building materials, furniture etc.). These industries will remain to be the engine of exports to US
- Some other competitive industries (e.g. tourism, civil aerospace and jewelry) will stagnate because of Covid-19 context but will recover and contribute in mid-to-long term

... but in order to larger pie from this shift, Turkey needs to make bold moves in new industries and geographies



- Turkey needs to make bold moves in digital space and electronics to serve more to the US market
 - Digital space: Turkey has strong but underutilized potential in data services, software services and technology start-ups
 - Electrical equipment & electronics (E&E): Turkey has to invest in E&E, especially new trends (Industry 4.0, IoT, smart cities etc.) crosscutting the segment. This will be key to serve US market in large scale
- Joint ventures in Africa: Turkish and American firms have complementary skills to be more active in helping construction and infrastructural upgrading in the African continent





Executive summary (III / III)

Business communities could play an important role in strengthening Turkey-US economic relations and to further explore underutilized opportunities

- Turkish and US business communities could play an important role in:
 - Building up long-term trust-based business relations
 - Actively marketing new opportunities and capabilities to both sides
 - Help business-matching activities
 - Constructively guide policy-makers on key steps to be taken
- We strongly recommend establishing three task forces under TAIK to steer actively key topics of interest and to contribute to Turkey-US economic relations:
 - Digital Taskforce
 - Electronics Taskforce
 - Africa Taskforce







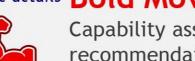
See details Covid-19, global trends and impact on **Turkey-US economic relations**



Detailed assessment of Covid-19 impact on supply-chains and global trade, and potential opportunities in Turkey-US economic relations



See details Bold Moves for Turkey



Capability assessment, identification of opportunity space, recommendations for TAIK and sizing of the price for

- Digital space: IT & Startups
- Electrical equipment & electronics



See details Joint opportunities for Turkey and US in



Africa

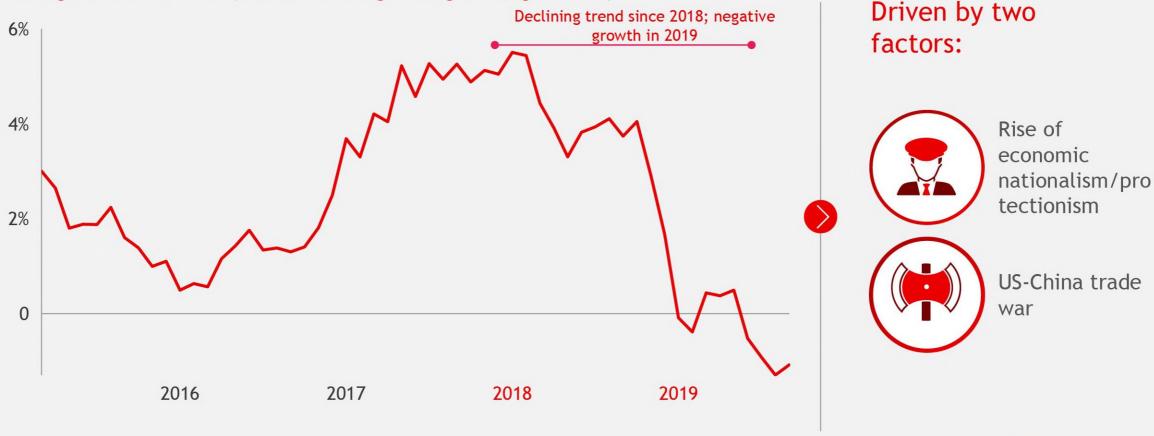
Capability and opportunity assessment for US and Tukey for Africa, recommendations for TAIK and sizing on how they can join forces



Covid-19, global trends and impact on Turkey-US economic relations

Global trade was already in decline even before the COVID-19 crisis

Change in Global Trade(3 Month Moving Average, YoY growth %)



COVID-19 intensified two key global trends putting downward pressure on trade flows

1



- Supply chain focus on resiliency over cost efficiency
- Re-shoring, nearshoring and diversification expected to increase and change the supply chain structure

2



- US-China trade war amplified due to rising protectionism
- US imports from China reduced by 16% (\$ 90 B) in one year only (2018-2019), expected to decline further
- Increased tendency to localize industries that pose national security concerns

COVID-19 unleashed vulnerabilities and risks of highly integrated global supply chains

Supply chains were dramatically affected by COVID-19



Difficulty in meeting required supply levels intensified in some sectors



Supply shocks triggered stock outs and latency in delivery times



Production stoppages broke out due to exposed risk with concentration on specific geographies



Raised uncertainty about future shocks

Revealing vulnerability and exposing the risks due to dependence on geographies

Not exhaustive



Supply chain is creaking around the world. it's getting harder to get ingredients through due to big changes in channel mix... Some of the smallest SKUs will have to be left out.





Apple has warned of global "iPhone supply shortages" resulting from its Chinese factories being shut





Many big car manufacturers shut downed their production facilities



Hence, companies revisited their supply chain strategy in favor of resilience

Resilience & Access

Diversify options to balance risk and bring supply chain operations inshore or nearshore



Cost Efficiency

Leverage cost
efficiency levers to
minimize
production/sourcing
costs



Selected examples of shift to resiliency



Looking to shift 20% of iPhone production to India, 30% of AirPods production to Vietnam



Shifted production of auto components from China to Mexico



Supply chains are expected to change globally with reshoring, regionalization and diversification

Reshoring

Supply chains moving back in-shore or near-shore due to:

National security concerns





Telecommunications

Sourcing

Regionalization

Supply chains moving closer to endmarkets due to:

Minimization of risk exposure



Agriculture Automotive - vehicles





Diversification

Global supply chains shifting to new geographies due to:

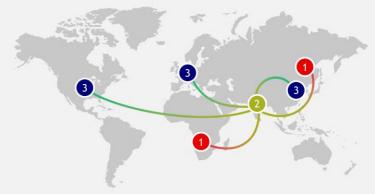
 Retaining low cost base for industries with profitability concerns



Apparel



Furniture







US-China trade war were also amplified by COVID-19

Existing pre-COVID issues



Concerns in the US about China becoming the biggest economy in the world with increasing global influence



Concerns in the US about the chronic and growing trade deficit with China

Concerns in the US about Chinese advancement in IT infrastructure



(i.e. 5G, Huawei etc.) with national security implications



Additional issues with COVID



US accused China over failing to handle the outbreak of Covid-19 and escalated existing tensions between China

- US stated filing lawsuits against China for the loss of life, "human suffering" and economic losses
- Additional tariffs on China being negotiated

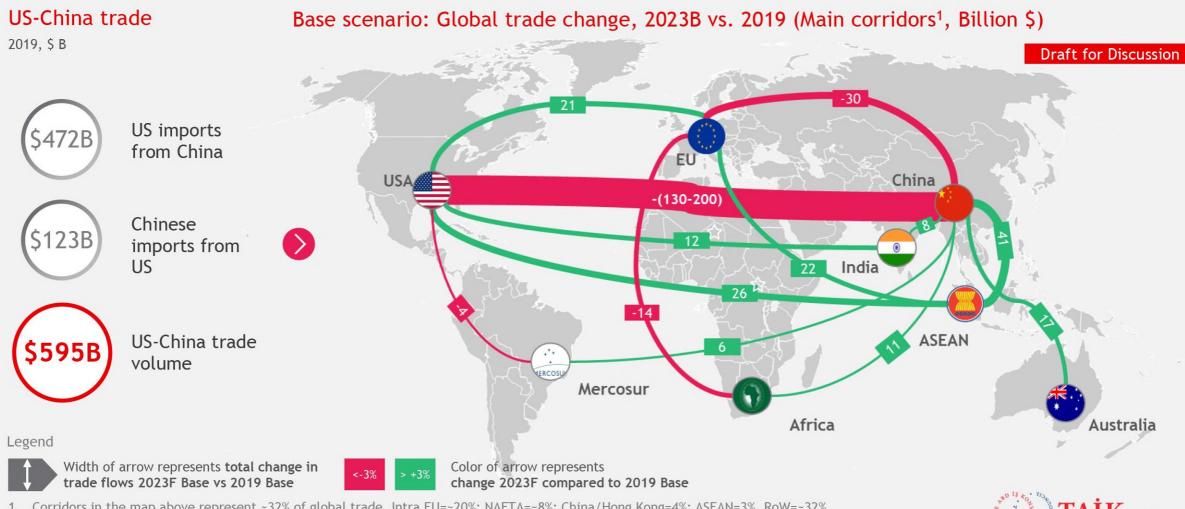


National security concerns have risen especially on medical technologies, biopharma and information technologies



These factors will have major impact on the main trade corridors

Highest impact expected on the US-China corridor with a decline of 130-200 B USD per annum



^{1.} Corridors in the map above represent ~32% of global trade. Intra EU=~20%; NAFTA=~8%; China/Hong Kong=4%; ASEAN=3%, RoW=~32% Source: BCG Trade Finance Model 2020, UN Contrade, OECD, WEF, IHS, TradeAlert, BCG Analysis

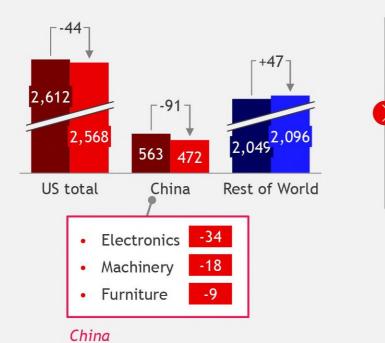


Some other countries already benefiting from this shift, however Turkey is lagging behind so far

US import change

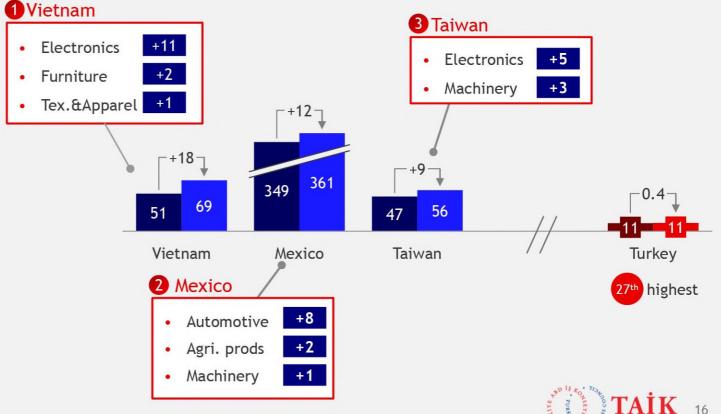
Change in US total, China and RoW imports (\$ B)

: 2018 (Dark) : 2019 (Light)



Rest of World

Top-3 countries with the highest increase in nominal value (\$ B)



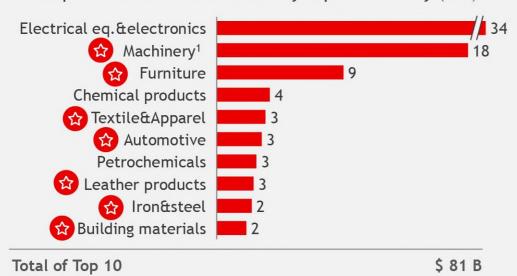
Source: TradeMap

How can Turkey benefit from this shift?

We developed a rigorous methodology to identify the opportunity space for Turkey

Shift from China is occurring in multiple industries, Turkey is competitive only in some

US' import decrease from China by top 10 industry (\$ B)



Turkey's competitive industries

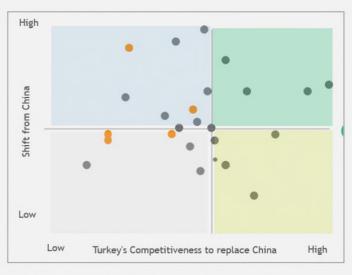
We sized the shift away from China and Turkey's capability to replace China



Shift Away from China

> Potential shift of Imports in industries towards rest of the World

Market attractiveness for overall US imports was utilized in previous methodology



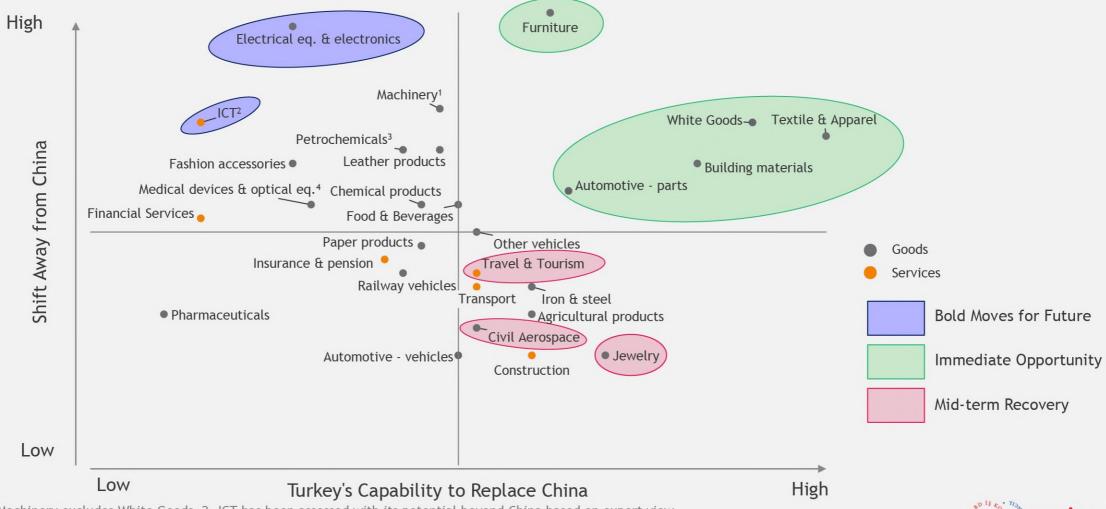


Turkey's Capability to Replace China

Turkey's relative position in the industry to capture the potential



As such, we focused on 3 main industry groups to discuss alternative opportunities and required actions for Turkey



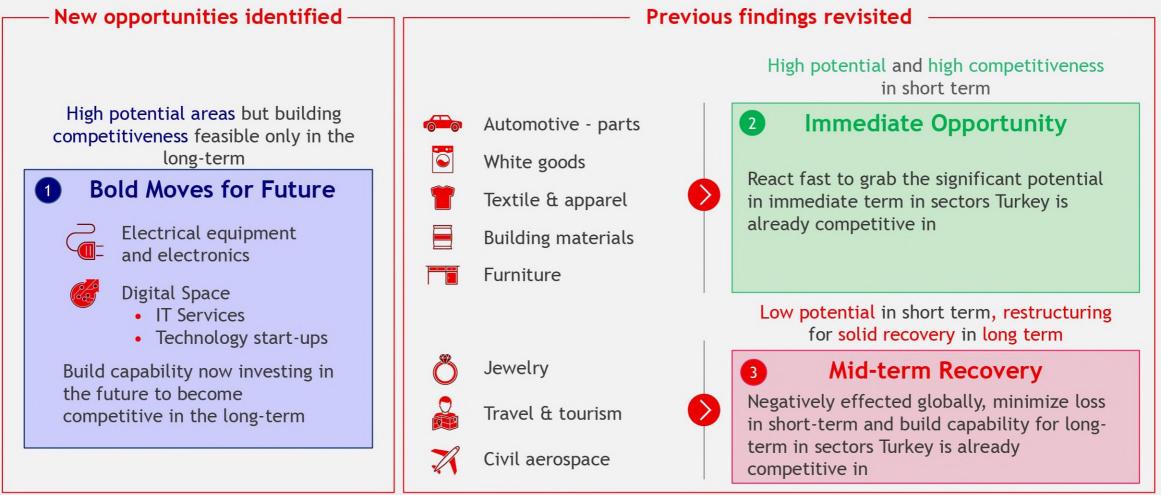
¹⁻ Machinery excludes White Goods, 2- ICT has been assessed with its potential beyond China based on expert view

³⁻ Petrochemicals are degraded with expert view due to import dependence, 4- Not regarded as potential due to COVID-19 future effects remaining unclear



New opportunities for Turkey can only be seized with bold moves

Turkey's previously strong industries persist to provide opportunity space



Bold moves for Turkey

We see two
major
opportunities for
Turkey and they
can be achieved
with bold moves



Digital Space: IT Services and Technology Startups



Electrical Equipment & Electronics



Digital Space: IT Services and Technology Startups

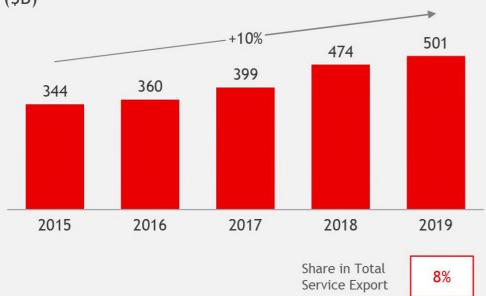


Electrical Equipment & Electronics

Digital space is growing fast through software market and technology companies

Global IT Export has increased gradually over the years

Global IT Export (\$B)



Technology companies have been growing and generating significant value for the economy



Share of technology companies in 100 fastest growing companies¹



Cumulative valuation of Unicorn companies as of August 2020







Turkey has strong capabilities and advantages to be a successful digital player



Turkey has strong human capabilities

IT depends more on human capital and less on capital heavy investment; Turkey is competitive in talent



Turkish companies have been exporting services in both major and niche segments

Turkish software companies have recently focused on vertical expertise allowing them to export to the US market



Turkey is strategically located to serve nearby regions and attract US based FDI

Turkey's location allows it to serve Middle East, Central Asia and Europe





Turkey is well-equipped with talent in a human-capital oriented sector

Turkey has a strong and growing labor force for IT



Employees in IT



Software developers



Annual number of engineering graduates & undergraduates



"1 Million Developers" Project initiated

Business leaders in IT have full confidence in quality of talent in Turkey

- We have extremely talented graduates, all they need is to be equipped with technical skills on the job

 Müjdat Altay, Netaş CEO
- Business orientation, practicality and agility skills of Turkish developers are much better than competing countries

 Buğra Koyuncu, LOGO CEO
- Problem solving and model design are core competencies for next generation development, Turkish developers are highly skilled in both Önder Kaplancık, KoçDigital Managing Director
- Developer market in Turkey is rich in terms of availability of highly qualified talent and reaching talented developers is not an issue at all Türkay Önal, Narcade Co-founder





Highly capable Turkish software companies have been exporting services in major and niche segments

Selected Examples

Turkish Company

Product

Achievement

Major Segment

Niche Segment



Various tools in Enterprise Resource Planning, Customer Relationship Management and Warehouse Management Systems Largest domestic company with ~\$40M annual revenue and ~\$300M valuation, acquired Romanian company to increase exports



Artificial Intelligence powered multichannel marketing tool

Received \$32M investment in July 2020 to enter US Market



Alert tool for developers to spot alarming incidents in the development platform

Acquired by Atlassian from US - owner of Jira, major project management tool- for \$295M in 2018



Extension to increase performance of database

Acquired by Microsoft with undisclosed deal in 2019

Source: Expert Interviews, BCG Analysis





Turkey is strategically located to serve near geographies with datacenters and related software services

Proximity to addressable markets is key



Data needs to be processed and stored close enough to derive optimal real-time value



Distance effects the
effectiveness of
complementary services in
aftercare



More relevant for hardware-related infrastructures (e.g. datacenters and related software services)

Turkey's location provides significant addressable market



Turkey has competitive advantages over near geographies









We assessed opportunities in three major segments for digital space

Segments

Definition

Major Players



Data Centers & Cloud Storage

Building a dedicated, climate controlled and secured space for hardware to store data and provide online storage through cloud services





Software Services

Outsourcing of software services or developing software products by established brands to be used by enterprises





Technology Startups Developing technology-oriented innovative businesses bringing a new solution to the market





Establishing Data Centers & Cloud Storage is the fundamental segment to address digital space

Segments

Definition

Major Players



Data Centers & Cloud Storage

Building a dedicated, climate controlled and secured space for hardware to store data and provide online storage through cloud services





Software Services

Outsourcing of software services or developing software products by established brands to be used by enterprises





Technology Startups Developing technology-oriented innovative businesses bringing a new solution to the market





Data center is a key opportunity to attract investment and become a regional technology hub

Data centers need significant investment and leading companies need partnerships...



Critical to serve a region since domestic markets do not usually provide sufficient scale



Geographical proximity is vital and leading companies are forming partnerships to serve new geographies



Attracting FDI is critical both to reach necessary capital and know-how



Majority of investments for datacenters have significant value surpassing \$1B



Online storage through data centers is complemented by services such as security, disaster recovery and remote working (VPN)

... they are investing in near geographies to cover the opportunity in the region

Major hub attracting significant investments



Google is investing \$2 B for data centers becoming operational in **2021**

Poland

Microsoft announces a \$1 B digital transformation plan for cloud services in the next 7 years



Amazon opened Technology Development Center in 2018



HP, IBM, Cisco operate large R&D Centers employing thousands of employees





Poland has taken solid steps to become a regional technology hub

Incentivized and supported investment for the sector



Negotiated integrated deals between local and global players



Provided incentives in R&D both for domestic and international companies in the form of: EU grants, national funds and tax relief



State treasury owned bank and Polish Development Fund funded establishment of local "Domestic Cloud Provider" through Joint Venture International Companies



Strengthened relations after foundation of Google for Startups in Warsaw in 2015



Became a trusted operating partner for Microsoft with 30-year track record

Nearby Countries



Union

Established positive relationships with neighbor countries through European Union

"Domestic Cloud Provider" will resell Google cloud services and mutually produced services

Google will build datacenters for CEE, provide strategic insight and train experts



Microsoft partners with a different local cloud player: Chmura Krajowa to serve Polish public institutions and businesses



Aims on boosting digital competencies of organizations through +150k individuals to grow the market

Source: Expert Interviews, BCG Analysis



Turkey has potential to be a regional technology hub for US technology companies

Turkey can be regional hub to serve nearby geographies



Leading tech companies already established in Turkey with sales and customer relations functions and regional headquarters



US tech companies can be incentivized to position Turkey as a regional tech hub





Prerequisite for partnership is stability of relations with nearby countries

Domestic market can be addressed with partnerships



Significant room for growth in domestic market:

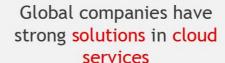
- Growing need of public sector
- Emerging needs for SME
- Access to B2C





amazon

Local Telco companies have established domestic network in all B2B and B2C segments



TAIK can take active role in facilitation of relationships



Communicate Turkey's investment story to USbased tech companies to position Turkey as a regional tech-hub



Facilitate formation of joint ventures between US-based tech players and domestic Telco players to target domestic market





There are different models to be competitive in software services

Segments

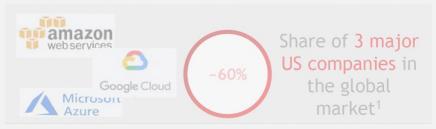
Definition

Major Players



Data Centers & Cloud Storage

Building a dedicated, climate controlled and secured space for hardware to store data and provide online storage through cloud services





Software Services

Outsourcing of software services or developing software products by established brands to be used by enterprises



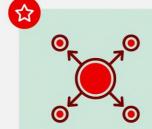


Technology Startups Developing technology-oriented innovative businesses bringing a new solution to the market





We identified three models to address the potential in software services



Software service outsourcing¹



Targeting niche segments with vertical expertise





Targeting major segments with end-to-end solutions

Increasing value add and need for investment

Advantage



Minimum level of investment needed since the expenses start with the initiation of agreement

Focusing on a specific and unmet need to bring an innovative solution allows entry to market with no competition

Addressing fundamental business needs such as Enterprise Resource Planning bring high market potential

Challenge



Requires a good understanding of deep expertise and strategic focus on key areas

High global competition and barriers to entry where scale is advantage due to significant R&D and marketing investment

Challenging model for Turkey in the short-mid term





Benchmark countries have taken different approaches to become globally competitive in IT services



India



Global powerhouse for IT service outsourcing



Romania



Provides niche solutions within banking sector



Israel



Global hub for Cybersecurity





Focused on outsourcing with direction of the government



Established Tidel Park for clustering: Asia's largest software park in Chennai



Established governmental fund: NFSIT¹



National Bank of Romania launched FinTech Innovation Hub



Deutsche Bank and ING chose
Bucharest for their IT
development hubs bringing
expertise to the region



Multiple Romanian software companies established niche solutions in banking such as Al powered customer support



Top performer nation in R&D investment²: 4.6% of GDP



Joint Binational R&D Programs
with other countries to increase
investment



Invests heavily in Defense
Technologies to build expertise





Turkey has competency to address the potential in software services with different models

Turkey has competitive capabilities for both software service models...

...and can follow the path for each service model

1 Software service outsourcing



Turkey has talented developers and has competitive labor cost rate

Targeting niche segments with vertical expertise



New generation companies are building expertise in niche segments (e.g. fintech, marketing, medical etc.)



Form a cluster of companies to provide software service outsourcing with competitive pricing and facilitate matchmaking with buyer companies in US



Identify, support and guide companies aiming addressable niche markets and facilitate matchmaking with potential US buyers





Developing technology startups is another segment to address digital space

Segments

Definition

Major Players



Data Centers & Cloud Storage

Building a dedicated, climate controlled and secured space for hardware to store data and provide online storage through cloud services





Software Services

Outsourcing of software services or developing software products by established brands to be used by enterprises





Technology Startups Developing technology-oriented innovative businesses bringing a new solution to the market





Startup ecosystem in Turkey has been growing with acceleration efforts

Accelerator factors for startups have been gradually increasing





Resulting in a growing startup ecosystem starting to receive global highlight





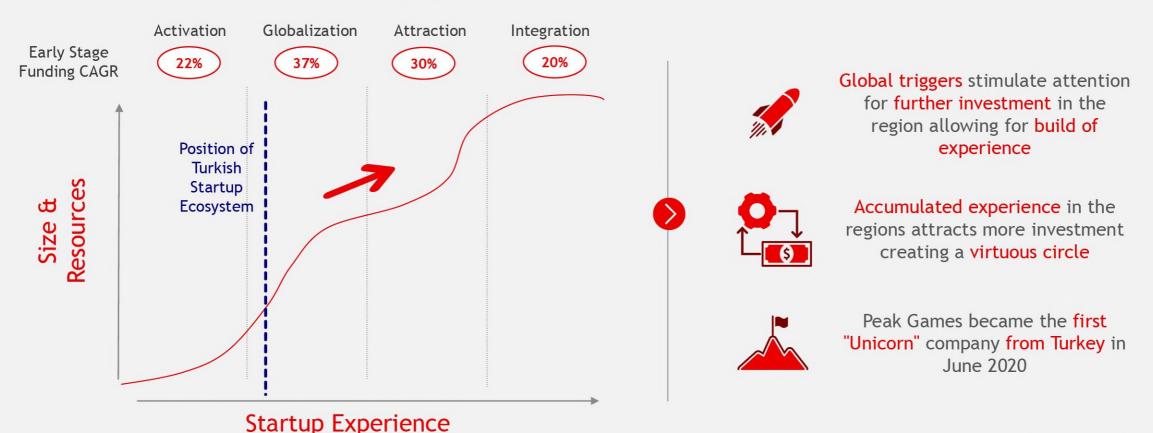
Istanbul is selected amongst top 20 emerging ecosystems¹





Growing Turkish startup ecosystem is about to enter a virtuous circle with a need of few concrete triggers

Phases of Startup Ecosystem Lifecycles







Gaming is a high potential-market to grow and target the US market

Global gaming market proves potential with different business models



Gaming is a high potential market to scale and easier to expand globally;
US is the largest market with 24% share in 2019¹

Gaming segments

Hyper-casual gaming

Easy to play mobile games with a potential to reach mass market with low frequency and retention

Experience gaming

Games targeting niche segments with high quality level and game design with sticky players





Number of users and lifetime value generated is the key success criteria for both segments

Number of users and lifetime value

Turkey has proven its competency in both models...



Turkey is amongst Tier 1 countries competing with US, UK and South Korea



Turkey has developed expertise in gaming and a solid ecosystem with successful examples



	Segment	Acquisition
GRAM GAMES	Hyper-casual	\$250M in 2018
follic	Hyper-casual	\$168M in August 2020
peak	Experience	\$1.8B in June 2020

...and has further room to improve



Designing capability can be further developed

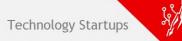


needs time for

R&D and capital:
Need for strategic
investors with
long-term vision
and high capital
funding



Source: Expert Interview, BCG Analysis 1- Newzoo Global Games Market Report 2019



Attracting investment is a fundamental element for success in developing the startup ecosystem



Key success factor: Attracting foreign investment to feed the startup ecosystem

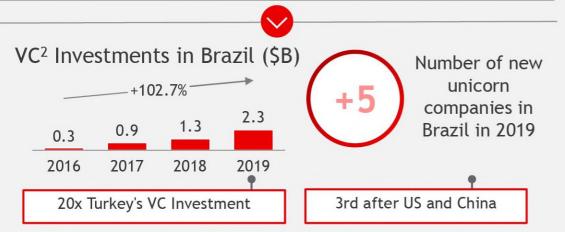
Accelerating factor



Apex-Brasil¹ takes active role in attracting investment for startups by support programs to access Brazilian market and matchmaking since 2010



Apex-Brasil has a strategically located office in San Francisco to reach US venture capital





South

Key success factor: Supporting the growth of ecosystem with internal investment

Accelerating factor



Government initiated strong funding of over +\$14B through public and private finances in the last 5 years



5th highest investor in R&D with \$72B annual R&D spending



Number of Total Unicorn companies by January 2020



Seoul is amongst top 20 global startup ecosystems

6th country in the world



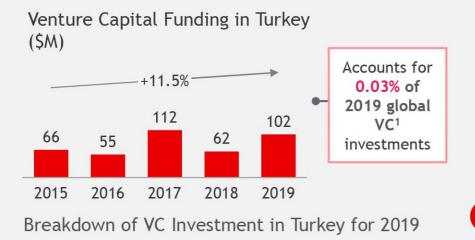


Turkey needs to attract external resources

Funding and global know-how is needed to reach the activation phase

Venture capital funding especially in later stages can improve along with expansion and scaling experience...

...bringing the need to attract external resources Critical Needs for **Global Expansion**







Knowledge on previous scaling and expansion experience limited in Turkey



Increase attraction of foreign VC especially for later stage investments



Mentoring early-stage startups and scale-ups and establishing a global network of mentors for global exposure



89%

Seed

We recommend TAIK initiates: "TR-US Digital Corridor"



Establish TAIK Digital Task Force (with the involvement of leading companies and associations) to facilitate the implementation of recommendations and act as the bridge between Turkey and US digital effort



Attract investment by communicating Turkey's investment story to US-based tech companies and facilitating strategic partnerships



Support Turkish software companies on exporting services to the US by providing insights on US market and matchmaking with potential buyers in US



Promote Turkish start-up ecosystem, attract US-based VC and establish a mentor club including Turkish and global network





TR-US Digital Corridor can accelerate TR-US economic relations reaching significant impact by 2030

Data Centers & Cloud Storage



Technology Startups



~\$1.8B Datacenter FDI in 2030

~\$2B Exports to US in 2030



~\$6.5B VC Funding Attraction in 2030

Cumulative opportunity for 2020-2030

Source: BCG Analysis

Annual

opportunity in

2030

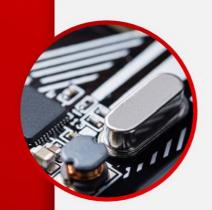
~\$15B Cumulative Datacenter FDI ~\$10B Cumulative Exports to US ~\$30B Cumulative VC Funding Attraction

Sizing the prize details can be found in Appendix





Digital Space: IT Services and Technology Startups



Electrical Equipment & Electronics



Electrical Equipment & Electronics is the largest segment in trade Shift in US Imports from China in 2019 accounted for \$34B

E&E has the largest share both in US and global imports

Largest share in world trade

3.3 T

Global import

445 B

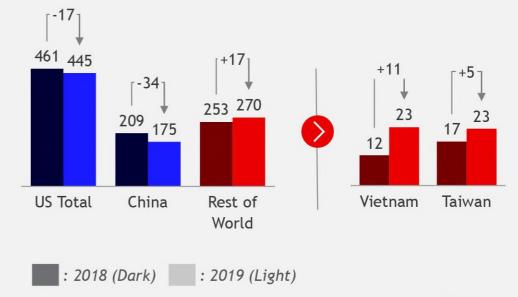
17%

US' import

There has been a shift in US imports from China towards inshore and other Asian countries

Change in US Electronics Imports

Change in US total, China and RoW imports (\$ B)



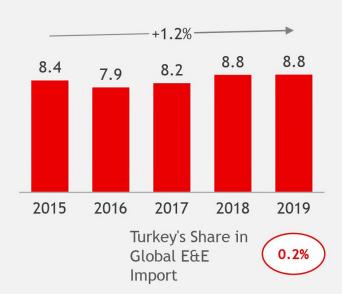




Turkey's export in E&E has been stagnant but has promising capabilities and efforts

E&E exports has been stagnant

Turkey's Exports in Electrical Eq. & Electronics (\$B)



Source: TradeMap, Expert Interviews BCG Analysis

... but has certain capabilities



... and promising efforts on capability building



Semiconductors critical in producing components and high-end products



aselsan



Tübitak & Aselsan co-invest in Semiconductor Research Laboratory







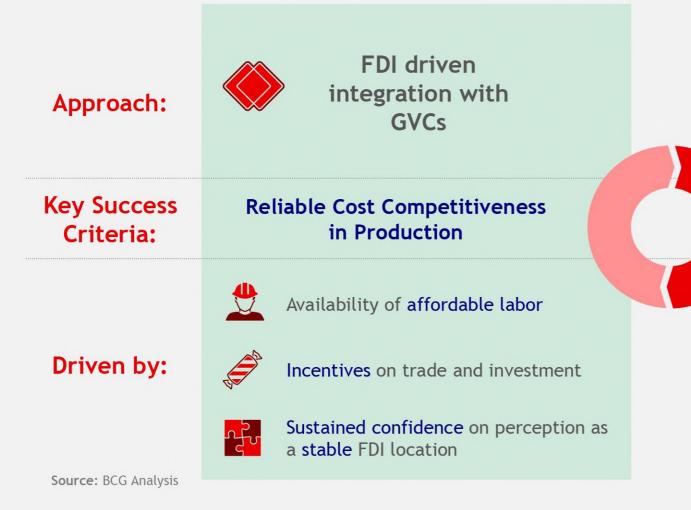
Universities are building capabilities on design and manufacture of semiconductors





We identified two approaches to build capability in E&E

Long-term effort with clear vision, direction and sustained investment required





Public-private sector cooperation



Benchmark countries have pursued mixed paths in building capabilities around E&E and adjacencies



China

FDI-driven GCV integration then built capabilities in major segments



Malaysia

FDI-driven GCV integration then built capabilities in niche segments



Taiwan

Focused on building domestic E&E supplier companies





Emerged as an export platform for ultra-cheap labor after joining WTO in 2001



Became assembling and testing hub for global companies:





Created a strategy focusing on the semiconductor industry with the cooperation of gov't and private sector starting from 1978



Entered globalization phase of domestic electronics companies including Huawei and Lenovo from 2005 onwards

Announced "Made in China"

in 2015 incentivizing

high-tech value production



Government announced National Biotechnology Policy in 2005 and Biotech is expected to account for 5% of GDP in 2020

Bio-tech includes application of electronics to problems in biology (e.g. automated X-ray inspection, optical inspection, electrocardiographs etc.)



Manufacturers for Apple **FOXCODU PEGATRON**

Invented

Selected Examples

Resulted in emerging of a techsupplier ecosystem with selected companies having +\$250B annual revenue in total

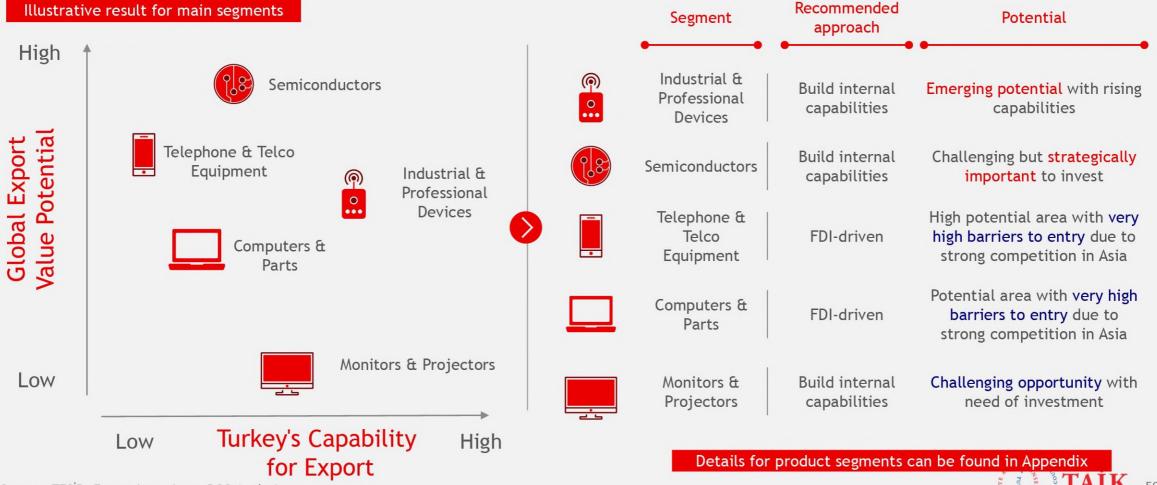


Source: Statista, BCG Analysis





We assessed 5 major segments of E&E to identify the opportunity space for Turkey



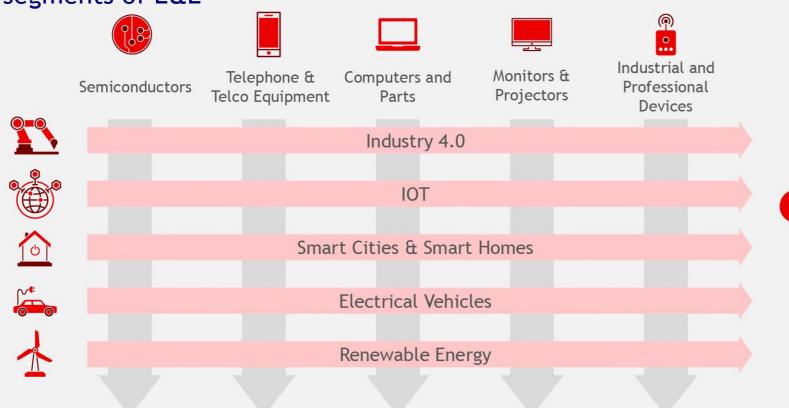
Source: TESID, Expert Interviews, BCG Analysis



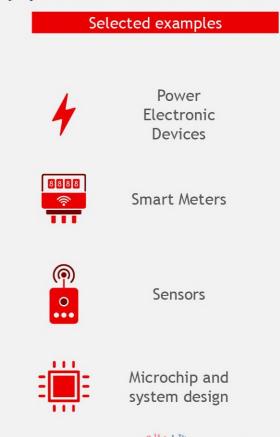
Instead of prioritizing E&E sub-segments, Turkey needs to focus on emerging trends cross-cutting E&E segments

Confirmed with industry experts

New generation technologies are rising and cross-cutting major segments of E&E



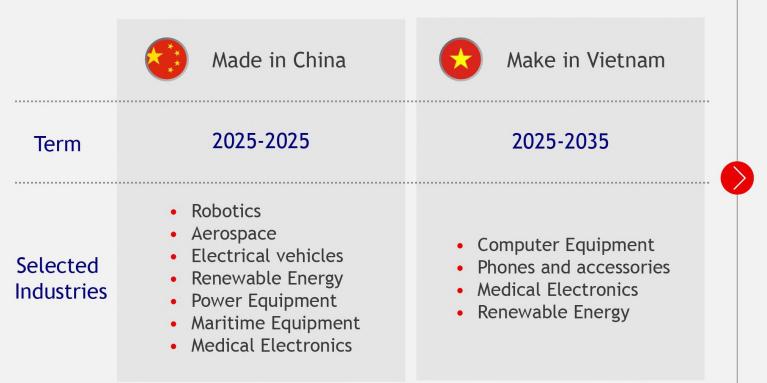
Key products to focus on





Turkey needs a long-term strategy to seize opportunities in E&E Competitive countries have already initiated their long-term strategies

Competitive countries introduced long-term strategies to build capability in E&E with strong governmental drive



Turkey needs a long-term strategy to build capability in E&E





TAIK can assist in driving Electrical Eq. & Electronics forward through multiple initiatives



Cooperate with sectoral associations (e.g. TESID) to identify and address needs on capability building, export-inclinations, marketing for the US market



Build awareness on strategic significance of E&E in global and US exports on the governmental level to build capability



Facilitate strategic partnerships for establishing manufacturing hubs in Turkey with key suppliers of US-based mobile phone and computer companies





Cumulative incremental E&E exports to US between 2020-2030







Joint opportunities in Africa



Sectoral

 In which sectors US and Turkish companies can collaborate?

Strong opportunity space exist for US and Turkish companies to collaborate in Africa



Regional

 In which countries US and Turkish companies will collaborate?



Collaboration basis

What complementary roles
 US and Turkish companies
 have in collaboration?





Sectoral

 In which sectors US and Turkish companies can collaborate?

Strong opportunity space exist for US and Turkish companies to collaborate in Africa



 In which countries US and Turkish companies will collaborate?



Collaboration basis

What complementary roles
 US and Turkish companies
 have in collaboration?







Construction related industries are the main sectoral collaborative areas

Filtering criteria







Sectoral collaborative areas



Sector prioritization by significance and urgency of needs



companies' capabilities Turkish companies'

sector-specific presence and expertise level



US companies' complementary

skills

What can US companies bring to sector-specific collaboration



Core sectors 😭



real estate



Public network,



Transportation 6 infrastructure



Building materials

Other sectors



Consumer goods



Industrial goods

Why out of focus

- ➤ High dependence on Africa's mid-long term economic development (not urgent)
- > Not necessarily US cooperation







Infrastructural upgrading is the major stepping stone for Africa; yet project financing is a challenge

Africa has a major potential for investors ...



of 10 fastest-growing economies are African in 2019¹



of the world's population will live in Africa by the turn of this century²



of African population are under age 25, represents immense workforce potential

... but needs major infrastructural upgrading

Big infrastructure investments required to leverage the potential and increase value add



Highways and rail roads



Ports, dams and airports



Public networks, electric grids



Hospitals, public buildings

Project financing is the main obstacle for African countries

African countries cannot finance big infrastructure projects by themselves

Also, external financing is difficult and costly due to high risk profile of the continent



Difficult/unsafe work environment



High economic and political risks



Corruption related concerns

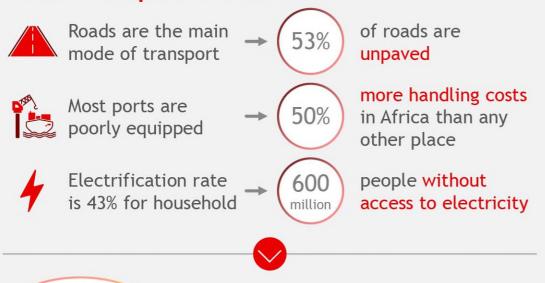






Infrastructure development is a key driver for progress across the African continent

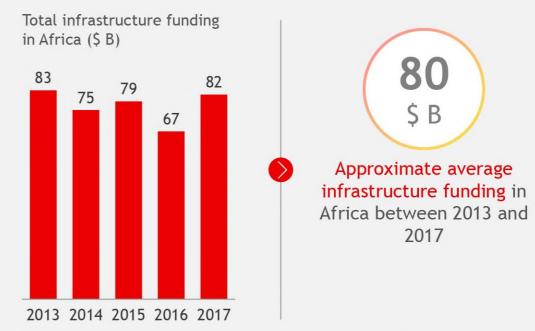
Infrastructure investments are the main requirements for Africa to reach its potential ...



Africa to reach its potential¹

of infrastructure investment is needed for

... but, current funding is ~80B which is ~\$70 B shorter than actual annual need





~150

SB





Chinese companies increased their influence in the African continent

Chinese approach to globalization and capabilities are key to its success in Africa

Chinese companies' expansion characteristics



High-risk appetite and low profit margin model fits well with developing regions



High government involvement and flexibility on working with less democratized regimes



Strategic engagement through port access to secure "Belt and Road Initiative"

Infrastructure expertise and strong project financing

- Chinese companies participated over 40% of infrastructure projects in Africa as of 2018¹
- Chinese companies and institutions have a significant share:
 - built by Chinese companies
 - financed by Chinese institutions
- China is the single-largest financer by of African I&CP² projects

Mining activities and valuable natural resource trade



Other countries are dependent on China for natural resources, especially rare earth materials

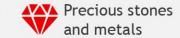


Limiting other countries' access to African resources through strategic port investments

China provides funding to even countries without financial guarantees in exchange for long-term usage of;



Mineral and metal ores









China increases its presence in Africa through port investments; also securing imports and economic access to inlands

46 sub-Saharan African ports with financial, construction, or operational involvement by Chinese entities¹

Funded or constructed or both by China Also operated by Maritime Silk Road Port expansion and rehabilitation projects are key to furthering African growth and development

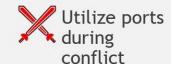




Port investments are one of the main avenues China established commercial supremacy and became the continent's main trade partner

Especially ports operated by Chinese government may pose strategic risks by enabling Beijing:











Djibouti is the most concerning port given its proximity to a maritime chokepoint. China controls two of the five terminals in Djibouti









Turkish construction companies have been executing large projects in Africa -further potential with easier access to project finance

Turkish companies have improved their ability to do business abroad

Turkish contractors have done 10,169 projects in 126 countries with a value of \$ 401 B between 1972 and 2019

Construction project value undertaken by Turkish firms between 2010-2019 (\$ B)



Turkish companies have done 1453 projects in Africa till 2019, mostly in Libya and Algeria



Turkish companies' interest shifted toward Sub-Saharan Africa after political changes

Turkish contractors have done several important projects in Sub-Saharan Africa between 2017 and 2019



\$ 2.5 B

Tanzania

\$ 1.8 B

\$ 0.7 B

Sudan

Nigeria

\$ 0.5 B

*

\$ 0.3 B

Cameroon

*

\$ 0.3 B

Mozambique

\$ 0.2 B

Kenya

Senegal





Sectoral

 In which sectors US and Turkish companies can collaborate?

Strong opportunity space exist for US and Turkish companies to collaborate in Africa



Regional

 In which countries US and Turkish companies will collaborate?



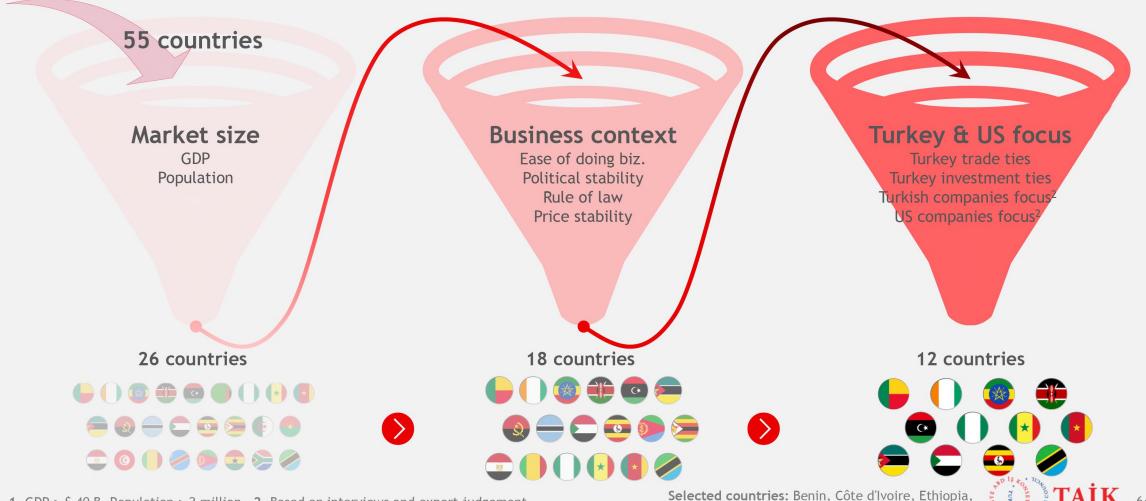
Collaboration basis

 What complementary roles US and Turkish companies have in collaboration?



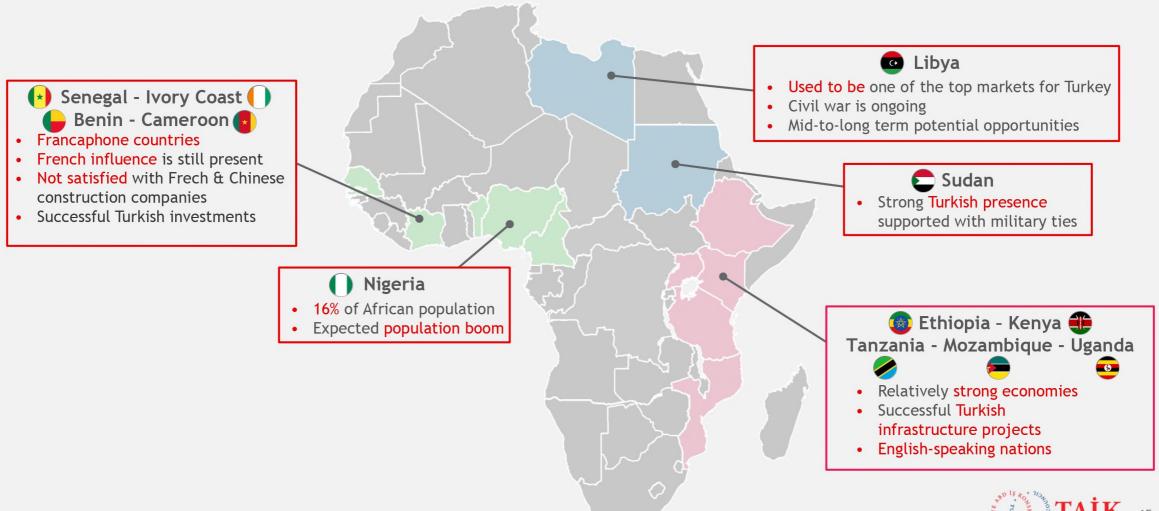


We have developed a rigorous methodology to select countries of focus





12 countries are prioritized for US and Turkish companies collaborate in Africa





Sectoral

 In which sectors US and Turkish companies can collaborate?

Strong opportunity space exist for US and Turkish companies to collaborate in Africa



Regional

 In which countries US and Turkish companies will collaborate?



Collaboration basis

What complementary roles
 US and Turkish companies
 have in collaboration?





Turkish and US companies can combine skills in Africa



Fast and high quality execution



Construction expertise



Extensive business network



End-to-end local relations



Strong historical and cultural ties



Financing



Equipment and raw material supply



Advanced technology



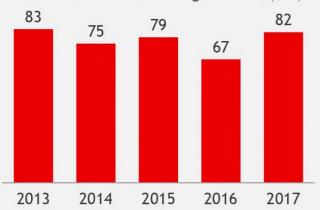




Financing investments in Africa has been the key success factor for Chinese companies

Funding of infrastructure projects in Africa is around \$ 80 B annually

Total infrastructure funding in Africa (\$ B)





24% of this funding came from Chinese business/institutions as the single largest financer of the continent



Chinese business community shows constant interest on African development financing

- Chinese institutions devoted \$60 billion financing twice in 2015 and 2018, totalling \$120 B for Africa
- Chinese financing for infrastructure projects has come mainly from two policy banks

Total loans between 2000 to 2015 came from:

- China Exim Bank
- China Development Bank







Africa has not been in the radar of US business interests

Focusing on Africa will have key business implications

Africa has never been a pivotal focus of US business community...



Limited presence of US companies in Africa:

- Only quarter of trade volume compared to China
- US construction companies focused on domestic market; limited involvement compared to Chinese, French and Turkish companies

... Recent policies to stimulate US business interests in Africa

International Development Finance Corporation (DFC)

US government agency to invest in developing countries



financing



Political risk insurance



Equity financing



Technical development

Prosper Africa



Initiative to increase two-way trade and investment between US and Africa

US Exim Bank



Manager appointment crisis is over and US Exim Bank is expected to be active in the continent



Existing agreement between USExim and TurkExim is an asset Further engagement is possible to further boost cooperation

USExim wants to be re-active all around the world, especially in Africa

US Exim's board remained unfilled about 4 years



US Exim was not allowed to deliver loans to deals over \$10m



The Bank's board was confirmed by Senate

Sub-Saharan Africa became one of the top priorities of US Exim



US Exim authorized a direct loan of up to \$4.7b to Mozambique



Working with USExim provides significant financing advantage to Turkish firms



Lene



US Exim assures the credit



TR Exim re-assures its own part

Even in the optimistic scenario,

- TR Exim gives credit at Libor +5
- US Exim at Libor +<1



which provides a significant financing cost cut for Turkish firms

Agreement between US and Turk Exims covers only credits with gov't debtor, for now ...



Credits with gov't debtor are guaranteed by Turkish
Ministry of Treasure

... but, there is no structural obstacle to cover credits with commercial risk or PPP projects



Realizing projects together



Knowing each others' way of doing business



Possible to enlarge the scope of the agreement



Establishing trust between entities



TAIK can take concrete actions to raise awareness on seizing opportunities in Africa by collaborating with the counterparts and companies in the US



Establish an Africa Task Force under TAIK to organize the collaborative ground with US



Close collaboration with TMB
(Turkish Contractors
Association) to steer Turkish
firms' construction strategy in
Africa



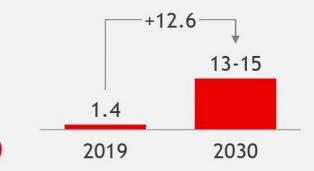
Introduce possible
opportunities to US firms and
agencies to partner up with
Turkish firms in Africa (via
events, meetings webinars
etc.)



Identify US firms that would have interest in collaboration with Turkish firms in Africa and help business matching activities



Help to engage US Exim to support cooperation and to actively finance US-Turkey JVs in Africa Overtime Project Value
Constructed by Turkey in Africa (\$B)





Cumulative incremental project value between 2020-2030

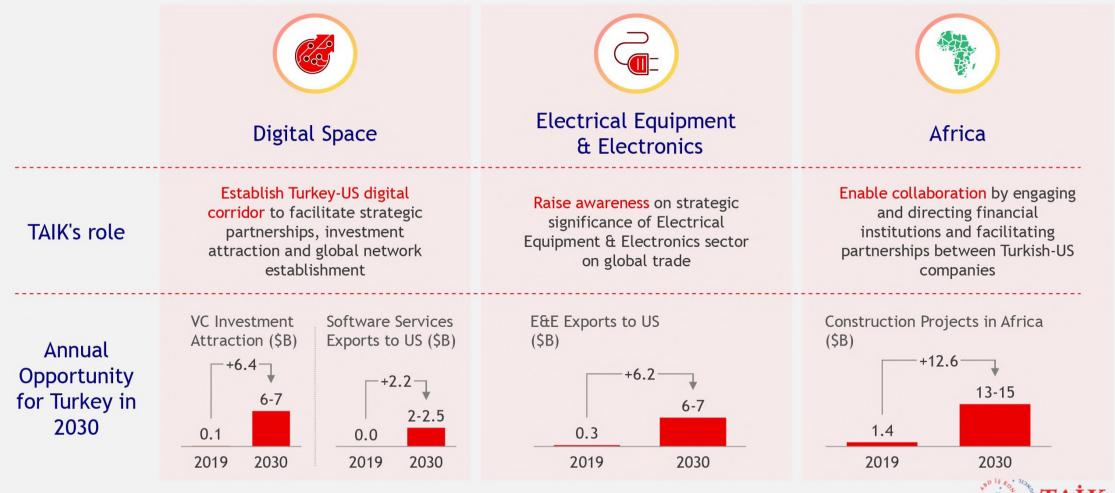




Potential opportunities and size of the prize

Significant opportunity for Turkey-US economic relations

TAIK can be a key contributor to achieve these targets



COVID-19 Disclaimer

The situation surrounding COVID-19 is dynamic and rapidly evolving, on a daily basis. Although we have taken great care prior to producing this presentation, it represents BCG's view at a particular point in time. This presentation is not intended to: (i) constitute medical or safety advice, nor be a substitute for the same; nor (ii) be seen as a formal endorsement or recommendation of a particular response. As such you are advised to make your own assessment as to the appropriate course of action to take, using this presentation as guidance. Please carefully consider local laws and guidance in your area, particularly the most recent advice issued by your local (and national) health authorities, before making any decision.

Disclaimer

The services and materials provided by Boston Consulting Group (BCG) are subject to BCG's Standard Terms (a copy of which is available upon request) or such other agreement as may have been previously executed by BCG. BCG does not provide legal, accounting, or tax advice. The Client is responsible for obtaining independent advice concerning these matters. This advice may affect the guidance given by BCG. Further, BCG has made no undertaking to update these materials after the date hereof, notwithstanding that such information may become outdated or inaccurate.

The materials contained in this presentation are designed for the sole use by the board of directors or senior management of the Client and solely for the limited purposes described in the presentation. The materials shall not be copied or given to any person or entity other than the Client ("Third Party") without the prior written consent of BCG. These materials serve only as the focus for discussion; they are incomplete without the accompanying oral commentary and may not be relied on as a stand-alone document. Further, Third Parties may not, and it is unreasonable for any Third Party to, rely on these materials for any purpose whatsoever. To the fullest extent permitted by law (and except to the extent otherwise agreed in a signed writing by BCG), BCG shall have no liability whatsoever to any Third Party, and any Third Party hereby waives any rights and claims it may have at any time against BCG with regard to the services, this presentation, or other materials, including the accuracy or completeness thereof. Receipt and review of this document shall be deemed agreement with and consideration for the foregoing.

BCG does not provide fairness opinions or valuations of market transactions, and these materials should not be relied on or construed as such. Further, the financial evaluations, projected market and financial information, and conclusions contained in these materials are based upon standard valuation methodologies, are not definitive forecasts, and are not guaranteed by BCG. BCG has used public and/or confidential data and assumptions provided to BCG by the Client. BCG has not independently verified the data and assumptions used in these analyses. Changes in the underlying data or operating assumptions will clearly impact the analyses and conclusions.

